

DENISON HYDRAULICS Proportional Directional Valves

Series 4DP01 with Onboard Electronics – Cetop 03



Publ. 4-EN 3160-A



FEATURES, SYMBOL, DOUBLE FLOW

FEATURES

SYMBOL (example)



- Onboard Electronics factory set for high grade of repeatability.
- Diagnostic lights as standard (three colour).
- Spools for various functions and flows to match precise system requirements.
- Also suitable for double flow operation (see below).
- Response time adjustable by integrated ramp time generators as standard.
- Electrical connection by standard M12 plug-in connectors, to be ordered separately (see page 13).
 Stackable 2- and 3-port pressure compensators offer constant flow
- Stackable 2- and 3-port pressure compensators offer constant flow independent of load induced pressure changes. Available in three different pressure drop ranges (see page 15).
- Mounting configuration conform to ISO 4401.
- World wide DENISON service.



DOUBLE FLOW PATH

By splitting the flow between two spool edges, the 4DP01 proportional directional valve can control considerably higher flow than to be achieved by a single flow circuit.

For this application, a body with drain port L must be used. In this case the maximum permissible operating pressure is the maximum permissible pressure in port T (210 bar).

Spool position 06

Spool position 05



DESCRIPTION

GENERAL	The proportional directional valves, 4DP01 series, are direct operated by proportional solenoids and are, therefore, dynamically independent of pilot oil or supply pressure. In the de-energised state, the spool is held in neutral position by springs. An electrical input signal (command-signal) changes the setting of the hydraulic output (flow). See diagram on page 6. Energising the opposite solenoid reverses the flow direction.
	The force of the proportional solenoid moves the spool against a spring. When the spring compresses sufficiently, the reaction force of the spring is equal to the solenoid force and a balance is reached between the two. In proportion to each signal input, a certain balance point between the spring and solenoid force determines a particular spool stroke and spool position. With each spool position, a certain throttling cross-section is given at the spool edges. The flow characteristics of different valves depend on the resistance profile of the throttle notches.
ONBOARD ELECTRONIC	The Onboard Electronic is tested and factory set in conjunction with a specific valve. It provides the full function of an amplifier card in a compact design on top of the valve. The factory setting of the electronics together with the valve ensures optimum interchangeability from valve to valve and minimises the setting requirement in the field. Diagnostic lights monitor three valve conditions.
DRAIN LINE	Where the T-port is exposed to pressures >160 bar (see page 4) or where the return line flow causes large pressure peaks in the return line, body with port "L" must be selected and connected to tank. The valves should be mounted below the oil level of the tank. This ensures that the valve is at all times filled with oil. Where it is necessary to mount the valve above the oil level of the tank, it is recommended that ports T and L are preloaded by means of a check valve with a back pressure spring of $1 \dots 2$ bar, mounted in the drain line.
PRESSURE COMPENSATORS	The flow of a proportional valve equates to $Q = f(\Delta p; A)$, the pressure differential Δp across the throttling orifice A. Pressure compensators sense the Input and Output pressure of the proportional valve and maintain a constant pressure differential (Δp). In combination with 2- or 3-port pressure compensators, proportional valves maintain flow or speed independent of load pressure changes.

without feedback

(see also page 3)

see curves page 7

10 / 20 / 30 l/min

– 18...+ 80°C

- 18...+ 50°C

1-connector version

≦5%

 $\leq 3\%$

125 ms

100 ms

160 ms

24 V

3.7 Ω

10...650 cSt; optimal 30 cSt

Mineral oil according to DIN 51524/25

P, A, B

350 bar

350 bar

GENERAL AND HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS

 Design 	
----------------------------	--

- Mounting position
- Type of mounting
- Max. operating pressure
 drain port "L" connected
 without drain port "L"
- Flow
- Nominal flow (at Δ p = 5 bar each metering edge)
- Fluid temperature range
- Ambient temperature range
- Viscosity range
- Hysteresis
- $(at \Delta p = 100 bar)$
- Repeatability
- (at ∆ p = 100 bar)Min. response time
- step signal 0...100%
- step signal 100...0%
- step signal \pm 100 %
- Fluid
- Contamination level

(other fluids on request) Fluid must be cleaned before and continuously during operation by filters that maintain a cleanliness level of NAS 1638 Class 8 (Class 9 for 15 Micron and smaller). This approximately corresponds to ISO 17/14.

with min. ramp time setting with ramp function switched off

50 ms

80 ms

125 ms

Sliding spool valve, proportional controlled,

L

10 bar

2-connector version

Optional but horizontal recommended

Subplate body according to ISO 4401

210 bar

160 bar

Т

Better cleanliness levels will significantly extend the life of the components. As contaminant entrainment and contaminant generation may vary with each application, each must be analysed to determine proper filtration to maintain the required cleanliness level.

ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTICS

- Supply voltage (DC)
 Coil resistance

 cold start 20 °C
- warm value 50 °C4.51 Ω• Maximum current2.2 A
- Max. coil temperature + 180 °C
- (temperature class H) • Type of protection (DIN 40050) IP 65
- Relative operating period 100%

If the performance characteristics outlined above do not meet your own particular requirements, please consult your local DENISON Office.

ORDERING CODE



Note: For ordering information on Cetop 03 pressure compensators see page 15.

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CURVES

Oil temperature 50 °C; viscosity 40 cSt.





Nominal flow

In the case of a different pressure drop (e.g. in combination with a pressure compensator), the flow is altered as follows:

$$Q_X = Q_N \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\Delta p_X}{5}}$$

Attention: Qmax see page 7

Frequency characteristics (Signal 50 $\%\pm$ 25 %) double solenoid



Frequency characteristics (Signal 50 $\%\pm$ 25 %) single solenoid



FUNCTIONAL LIMITS - STEP RESPONSE TIME

Oil temperature 50 °C; viscosity 40 cSt.









Note:

Adjustable rampe time functions are standard for all versions.

SPOOL POSITION 03

Weight: 2.5 kg



Always connect L to tank if T > 160 bar
 Optional adjustment for SPC01 01

Note: For order information on pressure compensators see page 15

SPOOL POSITIONS 05 & 06

Weight: 2.0 kg

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a D Lŋ

X

Ln

Lt)



74max

Note:

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}$ Always connect L to tank if T > 160 bar ²⁾ Optional adjustment for SPC01 01

For order information on pressure compensators see page 15

Conform to ISO 4401



Block mounting face

Flatness 0.01 mm / 100 mm length

Surface finish

For valves ordered without subplate, mounting screws must be ordered separately.

4-mounting screws	Order-No.
M 5 x 30, DIN 912; 10.9	700–70834–8

Torque 8.3 Nm

SUBPLATES







3/8" Subplate with L-port





Ζ







Model No.	Order No.	Weight	d1 (A, B, P, T)	L-port	d2 -
SS-B-06-G 136	S26-32960-0	1.4 kg	G 3⁄8″	-	ø 26 x 1
SS-B-08-G 136	S26-32961-0	1.7 kg	G 1/2″	-	Ø 31 x 1
SS-B-06-G 140	S26-34139-0	1.4 kg	G 3⁄8″	G 1⁄/8″	Ø 26 x 1
SS-B-08-G 140	S26-34140-0	1.7 kg	G 1/2″	G 1/8″	Ø 31 x 1

Mounting screws are included in subplate order.

ONBOARD ELECTRONICS



Example: 4DP01 3B43F30 03 The proportional amplifier located on top of the valve is specially adapted to control proportional directional valves without position feedback type 4DP01. It proportionally converts electrical input signals into solenoid current.

The amplifier has a reverse polarity protection and one (or two) short circuit protected PWM-output stage(s) with max. current limit.

To operate single solenoid proportional valves only one of the output stages is fitted on the board.

Electronics for two different types of command signals are available – see ordering code on page 5 and below.

The ramp up/down potentiometers can be adjusted after removing the top cap (see page 13 for details).

The valves in combination with the electronics are factory set. For each valve the spool will be shifted to the edge of the mechanical overlap at 20 % command signal, independent of the machining tolerances.

The main board is equipped with two diagnostic LEDs to display the operational condition, "power on", "valve de-energised" and "fail-safe" – please see below.

Characteristics – Proportional Amplifiers

Supply voltage				
- nominal	24 V DC			
 smoothed battery voltage 	1832 V DC			
 Reference voltage 	\pm 10 V (\pm 0.5%) @ 10 mA stabilised, from amplifier			
 Current consumption 	approx. 2.0 A at 100% command signal (140 mA quiescent)			
 Short circuit protection 	for solenoid A and B			
 Command signals 	0+10 V, 100 Ω input impedance, for single solenoid valves			
	-100+10 V, 100 Ω input impedance, for double solenoid valves			
	420 mA, 100 Ω input impedance, for double and single solenoid valves			
	for single solenoid valves:			
	420 mA command = 0100 % current solenoid A			
	for double solenoid valves:			
	412 mA command = -1000% current solenoid B			
	1220 mA command = 0100 % current solenoid A			
Outputs	(+) = solenoid A; $(-)$ = solenoid B, for double solenoid version			
	(+) = solenoid A or B, for single solenoid version			
 External stop (nominal 24 V) 	implement as NC (normally closed circuit) connection			
	with an input voltage of 2.524 V DC; input impedance 22 $k\Omega$			
	(for electrical connector code CB only)			
 Potentiometer for 				
– ramp up	up to 10s±20% (150 V/s)			
– ramp down	up to 10s±20 % (150 V/s)			
 Ramp off (nominal 24 V) 	implement as NO (normally open circuit) connection			
	with an input voltage of 432 V DC; input impedance 22 $k\Omega$			
	(for electrical connector code CB only)			
• PWM	190 Hz \pm 10 % for single solenoid valves			
	140 Hz \pm 10 % for double solenoid valves			
Diagnostic LEDs	red: power on + fail safe with ext. emergency stop (valves with second connector)			
	green: power on + solenoid de-energised (command signal setting zero)			
	yellow: power on + solenoid energised (with increasing command signal)			
• Wiring	due to EMC shielded cables are required			

Note:

Power supply and potentiometer see page 14.

ONBOARD ELECTRONICS

Schematic block diagram and terminal assignment



ACCESSORIES

Potentiometer-Adjusting knob Order No. 701-00014-8 View "A"







Potentiometer

Adjusting knob with scale 0...100 and with revolution counter. Adjustment is lockable.

Panel opening



Potentiometer Order No. Potentiometer-Characteristics 701-00012-8 701-00013-8 360° Angle of rotation 3600 ° Linearity \pm 0.5 % \pm 0.25 % **Resolution-Drift** $0.02\,\%$ of 3600 $^{\rm o}$ 0.11% of 360 $^{\rm o}$

Power supply

Order No. 701-00023-8





to the Proportional Amplifier (see pages 13)

L = Nominal frequency 50/60 Hz Nominal voltage 230 VAC or 115 VAC (pay attention to voltage selector switch setting) N = Neutral line

ORDER INFORMATION FOR PRESSURE COMPENSATORS



		Model No.	Order No.	Weight
3-port Meter-in Compensators with shuttle valve P-A/B	Alu	SPC 01 01 041C3A SPC 01 01 051C3A SPC 01 01 101C3A	026 425800 026 425810 026 425820	0.8 kg
	Steel	SPC 01 01 041C5A SPC 01 01 051C5A SPC 01 01 101C5A	026 425830 026 425840 026 425850	1.6 kg
3-port Meter-in Compensators P-A	Alu	SPC 01 01 041A3A SPC 01 01 051A3A SPC 01 01 101A3A	026 425920 026 425930 026 425940	0.5 kg
	Steel	SPC 01 01 041A5A SPC 01 01 051A5A SPC 01 01 101A5A	026 425950 026 425960 026 425970	1.1 kg
2-port Meter-in Compensators with shuttle valve P-A/B	Alu	SPC 01 11 051C3A	026 425570	0.7 kg
	Steel	SPC 01 11 051C5A	026 425600	1.5 kg
2-port Meter-in Compensators P–A	Alu	SPC 01 11 051A3A	026 425690	0.6 kg
	Steel	SPC 01 11 051A5A	026 425720	1.3 kg
2-port Meter-out Compensators P-A/B	Alu	SPC 01 12 051C3A	026 426050	1.4 kg
	Steel	SPC 01 12 051C5A	026 426080	2.9 kg

Flow regulation Example: 2-port Meter-in compensator



The product described is subject to continual development and the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specifications without notice.